

WMU ANALYSIS COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION

Show all work!

March 4, 2005

1)

- (a) State and prove a general theorem about the differentiability of

$$F(y) = \int_0^{\infty} f(x, y) dx.$$

- (b) Show that

$$F(y) = \int_{\pi}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-xy} \sin(x)}{x} dx$$

is differentiable on $(0, \infty)$ and compute $F'(y)$.

2)

- (a) State the Riesz Representation Theorem for L^p .
 (b) Show that the representation from part (a) is unique.
 (c) How does the Riesz Representation Theorem for L^p relate to linear functionals on the space of continuous functions?

- 3) Define the sum of two subsets A and B of \mathbb{R} by $A + B = \{x + y \mid x \in A \text{ and } y \in B\}$.
 Prove or disprove: if A and B are Lebesgue measurable, then so is $A + B$.

- 4) Show that the set of continuous functions on an interval $[a, b] \subset \mathbb{R}$ are not dense in $L^{\infty}[a, b]$.

- 5) Suppose that f is in $L^1[a, b]$ and ϕ is $C^{\infty}[a, b]$. Define the convolution of f and ϕ to be $\text{conv}(f, \phi) = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x-h)\phi(h) dh$. Show that $\text{conv}(f, \phi)$ is $C^{\infty}[a, b]$.