



NSSE 2013

Engagement Indicators

Western Michigan University

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
<i>Academic Challenge</i>	Higher-Order Learning
	Reflective and Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
<i>Learning with Peers</i>	Collaborative Learning
	Discussions with Diverse Others
<i>Experiences with Faculty</i>	Student-Faculty Interaction
	Effective Teaching Practices
<i>Campus Environment</i>	Quality of Interactions
	Supportive Environment

Report sections

- Overview (p. 3)** Displays how average EI scores for your first-year and senior students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.
- Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)** Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

 - Mean Comparisons**
Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).
 - Score Distributions**
Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores *within* your institution and comparison groups.
 - Summary of Indicator Items**
Responses to each item in a given EI are displayed for your institution and comparison groups.
- Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15)** Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of current-year participating institutions.
- Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)** Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. An effect size of .2 is generally considered small, .5 medium, and .8 large. Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview.

EIs vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how EI scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Institutional Report Builder and your *Major Field Report* (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE Web site: nsse.iub.edu

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Use the following key:

- ▲ **Your students' average** was significantly higher ($p < .05$) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- △ **Your students' average** was significantly higher ($p < .05$) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- No significant difference.
- ▽ **Your students' average** was significantly lower ($p < .05$) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- ▼ **Your students' average** was significantly lower ($p < .05$) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

First-Year (FY) Students

<i>Theme</i>	<i>Engagement Indicator</i>	Your FY students compared with Great Lakes Public	Your FY students compared with Peer Institutions	Your FY students compared with NSSE 2013
<i>Academic Challenge</i>	Higher-Order Learning	--	--	▼
	Reflective and Integrative Learning	△	△	--
	Learning Strategies	--	--	--
	Quantitative Reasoning	--	--	--
<i>Learning with Peers</i>	Collaborative Learning	--	△	--
	Discussions with Diverse Others	△	△	△
<i>Experiences with Faculty</i>	Student-Faculty Interaction	△	△	△
	Effective Teaching Practices	--	▽	▽
<i>Campus Environment</i>	Quality of Interactions	△	△	△
	Supportive Environment	△	--	△

Seniors

<i>Theme</i>	<i>Engagement Indicator</i>	Your seniors compared with Great Lakes Public	Your seniors compared with Peer Institutions	Your seniors compared with NSSE 2013
<i>Academic Challenge</i>	Higher-Order Learning	--	--	▼
	Reflective and Integrative Learning	--	--	--
	Learning Strategies	--	--	▽
	Quantitative Reasoning	--	--	--
<i>Learning with Peers</i>	Collaborative Learning	--	--	△
	Discussions with Diverse Others	△	--	--
<i>Experiences with Faculty</i>	Student-Faculty Interaction	--	--	--
	Effective Teaching Practices	--	--	▽
<i>Campus Environment</i>	Quality of Interactions	△	△	--
	Supportive Environment	--	▽	▽

Academic Challenge: First-year students

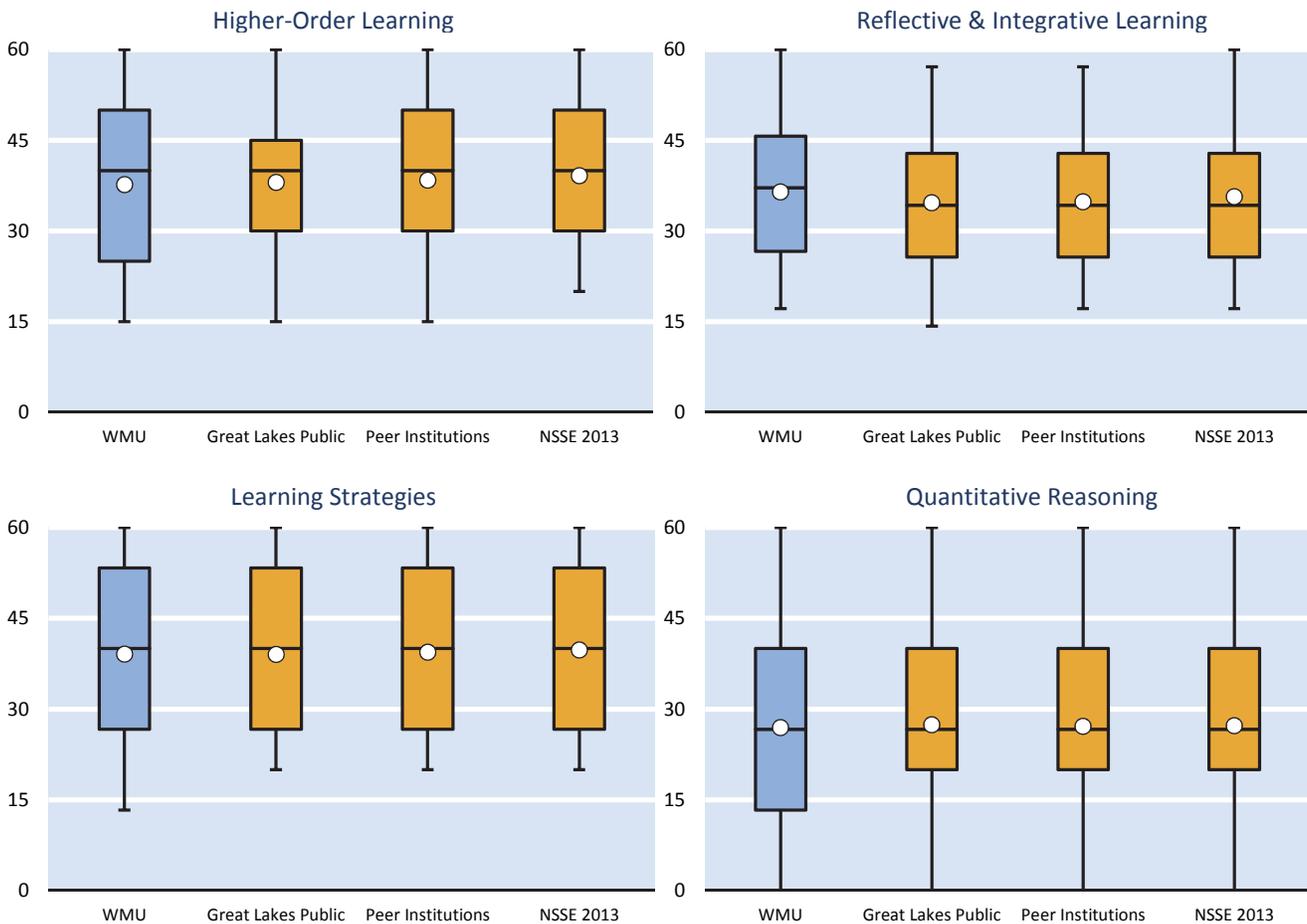
Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning*, *Reflective & Integrative Learning*, *Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

Engagement Indicator	WMU Mean	Your first-year students compared with					
		Great Lakes Public		Peer Institutions		NSSE 2013	
		Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Higher-Order Learning	37.6	38.0	-.03	38.4	-.06	39.1 *	-.11
Reflective & Integrative Learning	36.5	34.7 ***	.15	34.8 **	.13	35.7	.06
Learning Strategies	39.1	39.0	.01	39.4	-.02	39.8	-.05
Quantitative Reasoning	26.9	27.4	-.03	27.2	-.01	27.3	-.02

Notes: Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the summary page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score.

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Summary of Indicator Items

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
Higher-Order Learning				
<i>Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized...</i>				
	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	72 	73 	73 	74 
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	69 	70 	71 	73 
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	64 	67 	67 	70 
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	64 	66 	67 	69 
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
<i>Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...</i>				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	56 	56 	56 	56 
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	55 	51 	50 	53 
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	49 	46 	49 	51 
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	66 	60 	62 	63 
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	71 	64 	66 	66 
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	67 	63 	63 	66 
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	79 	76 	76 	78 
Learning Strategies				
<i>Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...</i>				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	79 	78 	80 	81 
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	65 	66 	66 	66 
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	63 	62 	64 	64 
Quantitative Reasoning				
<i>Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...</i>				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	47 	52 	52 	51 
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	39 	38 	38 	38 
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	37 	37 	37 	37 

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE Web site.

Academic Challenge: Seniors

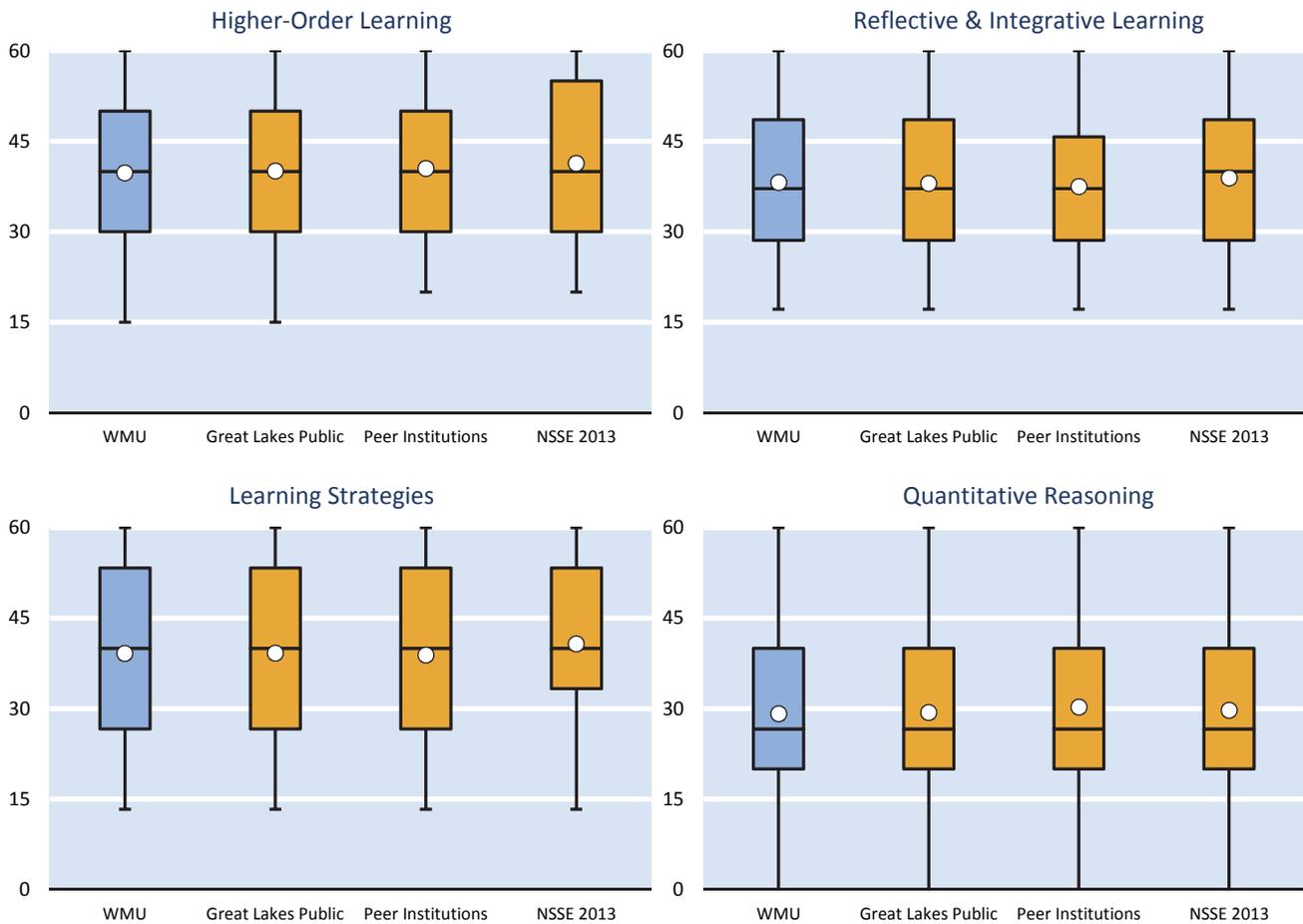
Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning*, *Reflective & Integrative Learning*, *Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

Engagement Indicator	WMU Mean	Your first-year students compared with					
		Great Lakes Public		Peer Institutions		NSSE 2013	
		Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Higher-Order Learning	39.8	40.1	-.02	40.5	-.05	41.3 **	-.11
Reflective & Integrative Learning	38.2	38.0	.01	37.5	.05	38.9	-.06
Learning Strategies	39.2	39.2	.00	38.9	.02	40.7 **	-.11
Quantitative Reasoning	29.1	29.4	-.01	30.2	-.07	29.7	-.03

Notes: Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the summary page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score.

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Summary of Indicator Items

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
Higher-Order Learning				
<i>Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized...</i>				
	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	78 	79 	80 	80 
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	73 	76 	77 	78 
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	68 	68 	68 	72 
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	68 	69 	69 	73 
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
<i>Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...</i>				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	73 	73 	73 	71 
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	61 	62 	60 	64 
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	52 	52 	50 	56 
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	65 	64 	63 	67 
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	69 	68 	66 	70 
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	70 	67 	67 	70 
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	84 	83 	82 	84 
Learning Strategies				
<i>Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...</i>				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	82 	80 	81 	84 
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	62 	62 	62 	65 
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	63 	63 	62 	66 
Quantitative Reasoning				
<i>Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...</i>				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	52 	54 	56 	54 
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	43 	43 	45 	44 
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	44 	43 	45 	44 

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE Web site.

Learning with Peers: First-year students

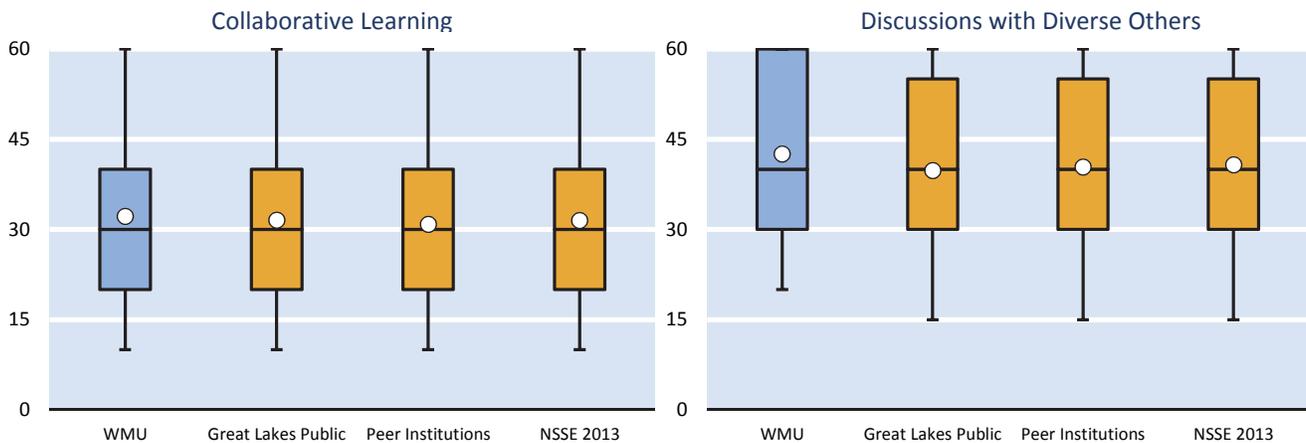
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

Engagement Indicator	WMU Mean	Your first-year students compared with					
		Great Lakes Public Mean	Effect size	Peer Institutions Mean	Effect size	NSSE 2013 Mean	Effect size
Collaborative Learning	32.1	31.5	.05	30.8 *	.09	31.4	.05
Discussions with Diverse Others	42.5	39.8 ***	.17	40.3 **	.13	40.7 *	.11

Notes: Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the summary page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



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Summary of Indicator Items

Collaborative Learning

Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	53	49	47	48
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	58	57	54	56
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	47	46	46	48
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	51	50	49	50

Discussions with Diverse Others

Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	75	67	68	71
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	77	70	71	73
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	73	67	69	68
8d. People with political views other than your own	73	70	71	70

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE Web site.

Learning with Peers: Seniors

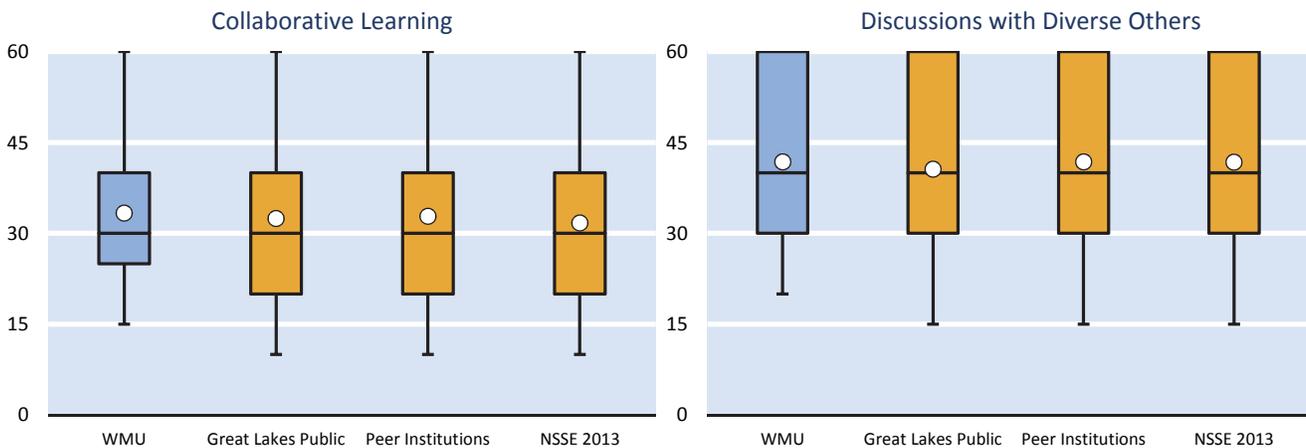
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

Engagement Indicator	WMU Mean	Your seniors compared with					
		Great Lakes Public		Peer Institutions		NSSE 2013	
		Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Collaborative Learning	33.3	32.5	.06	32.8	.04	31.7 ***	.11
Discussions with Diverse Others	41.8	40.6 *	.08	41.8	.00	41.8	.00

Notes: Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the summary page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



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Summary of Indicator Items

Collaborative Learning

Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	45	41	43	38
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	64	60	60	57
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	46	44	47	44
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	63	65	65	63

Discussions with Diverse Others

Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	69	67	72	72
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	75	72	75	75
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	72	69	71	70
8d. People with political views other than your own	74	72	72	72

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE Web site.

Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

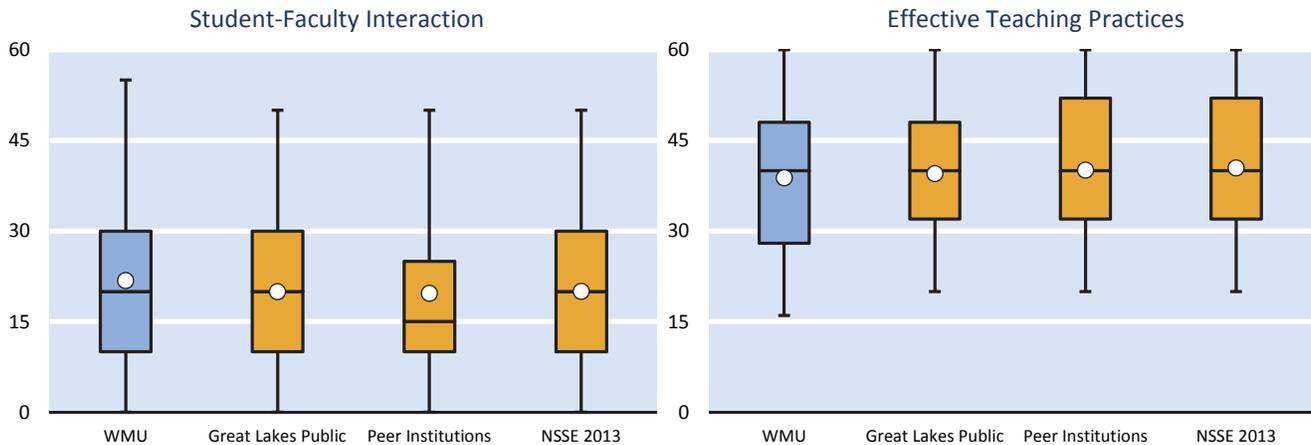
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

Engagement Indicator	WMU Mean	Your first-year students compared with					
		Great Lakes Public		Peer Institutions		NSSE 2013	
		Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Student-Faculty Interaction	21.8	20.0 **	.13	19.7 **	.15	20.0 **	.12
Effective Teaching Practices	38.8	39.5	-.05	40.1 *	-.10	40.4 **	-.12

Notes: Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the summary page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score.

Summary of Indicator Items

Student-Faculty Interaction

Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	38	33	31	32
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	19	18	18	18
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	27	24	23	24
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	32	27	27	28

Effective Teaching Practices

Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	80	80	82	82
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	79	78	81	80
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	74	77	78	78
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	61	64	63	65
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	58	61	63	63

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE Web site.

Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

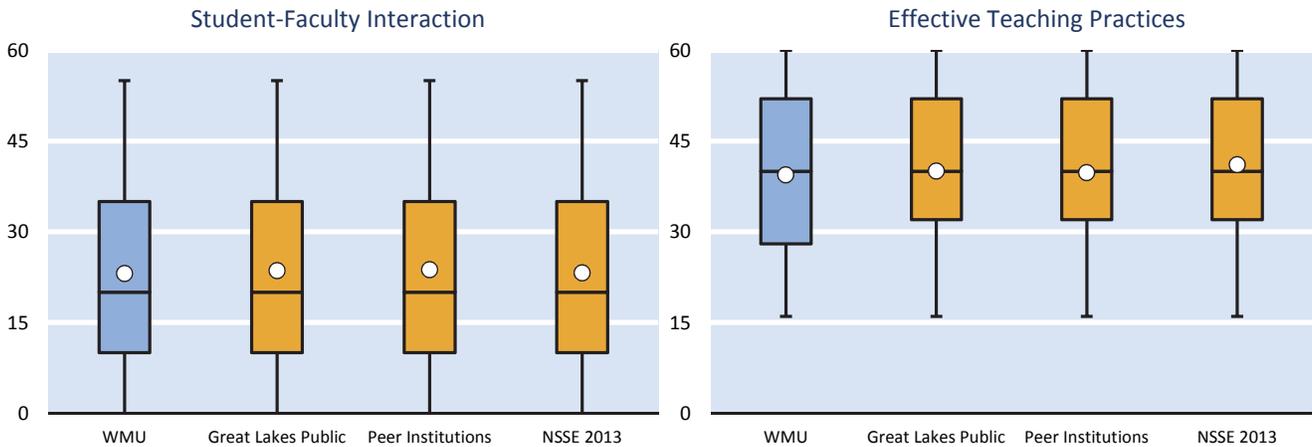
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

Engagement Indicator	WMU Mean	Your seniors compared with					
		Great Lakes Public		Peer Institutions		NSSE 2013	
		Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Student-Faculty Interaction	23.1	23.6	-.03	23.8	-.04	23.2	.00
Effective Teaching Practices	39.4	40.0	-.05	39.8	-.03	41.1 ***	-.12

Notes: Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the summary page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



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Summary of Indicator Items

Student-Faculty Interaction

Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	42	43	42	42
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	24	26	27	25
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	30	33	33	32
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	31	32	33	32

Effective Teaching Practices

Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	79	81	81	83
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	78	80	79	82
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	75	79	79	79
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	57	59	60	62
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	65	66	63	68

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE Web site.

Campus Environment: First-year students

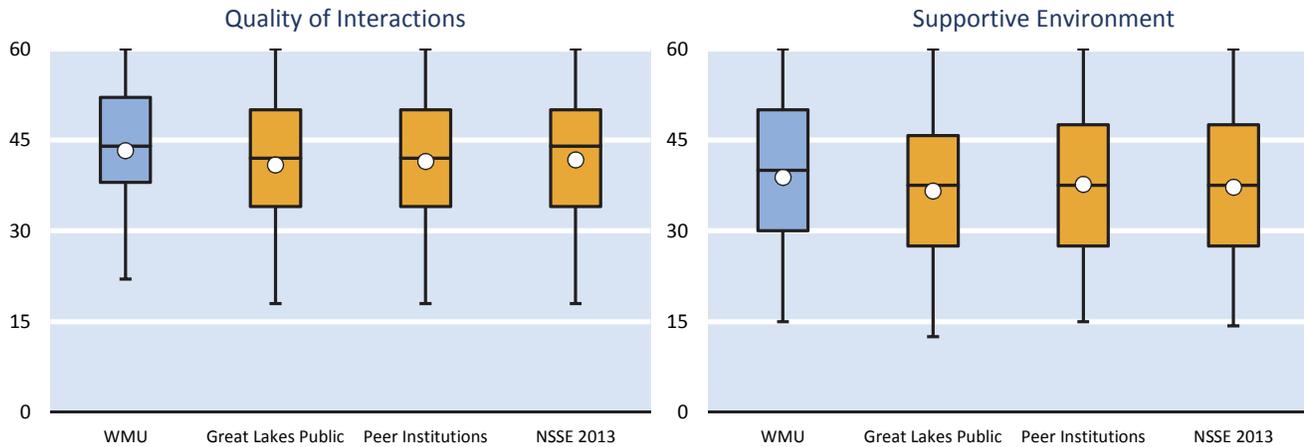
Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

Engagement Indicator	WMU Mean	Your first-year students compared with					
		Great Lakes Public		Peer Institutions		NSSE 2013	
		Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Quality of Interactions	43.2	40.9 ***	.20	41.5 **	.15	41.7 **	.12
Supportive Environment	38.8	36.6 ***	.16	37.7	.08	37.2 *	.12

Notes: Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the summary page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



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Summary of Indicator Items

Quality of Interactions

Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
13a. Students	58	57	59	60
13b. Academic advisors	55	47	47	49
13c. Faculty	51	47	49	51
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	46	41	44	44
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	45	38	40	42

Supportive Environment

Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	82	76	76	78
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	76	76	76	78
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	66	56	58	58
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	75	72	73	72
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	76	71	76	72
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	51	43	46	44
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	71	67	71	68
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	53	50	53	53

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE Web site.

Campus Environment: Seniors

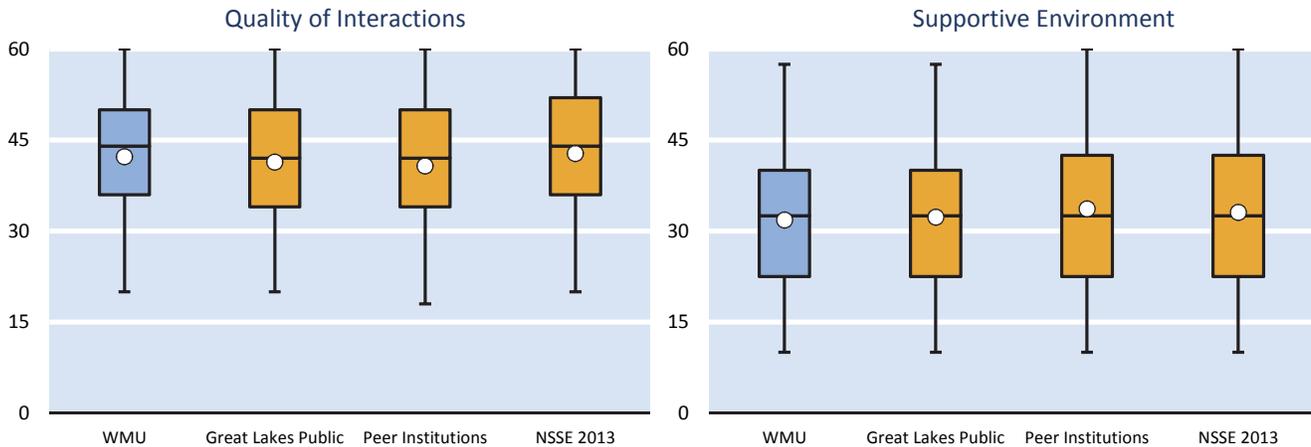
Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

Engagement Indicator	WMU Mean	Your seniors compared with					
		Great Lakes Public		Peer Institutions		NSSE 2013	
		Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Quality of Interactions	42.3	41.3 *	.08	40.7 ***	.13	42.8	-.05
Supportive Environment	31.8	32.3	-.03	33.6 ***	-.13	33.1 *	-.09

Notes: Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the summary page are based on effect size and p before rounding.

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score.

Summary of Indicator Items

Quality of Interactions

Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
13a. Students	63	62	63	65
13b. Academic advisors	49	47	46	53
13c. Faculty	58	58	55	61
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	43	39	39	42
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	44	37	34	43

Supportive Environment

Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized...

	WMU	Great Lakes Public	Peer Institutions	NSSE 2013
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	72	70	70	72
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	61	64	66	67
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	49	49	52	52
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	67	66	69	65
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	60	62	66	62
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	26	28	32	32
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	55	56	64	56
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	38	44	46	45

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE Web site.

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Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

The results below compare the engagement of your first-year and senior students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all current-year NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all current-year NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for *most* institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was *as engaged* as (or even *more engaged* than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (✓) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the absence of a significant difference between your score and that of the high-performing group does not mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is *within*, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year Students		WMU Mean	Your first-year students compared with					
Theme	Engagement Indicator		NSSE 2013 Top 50%			NSSE 2013 Top 10%		
			Mean	Effect size	✓	Mean	Effect size	✓
Academic Challenge	Higher-Order Learning	37.6	40.9 ***	-.24	✓	42.7 ***	-.37	
	Reflective and Integrative Learning	36.5	37.6 *	-.09		39.4 ***	-.24	
	Learning Strategies	39.1	41.8 ***	-.19		44.3 ***	-.37	
	Quantitative Reasoning	26.9	28.8 **	-.12		30.5 ***	-.22	
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning	32.1	34.5 ***	-.17		37.1 ***	-.36	
	Discussions with Diverse Others	42.5	43.2	-.05	✓	45.7 ***	-.21	
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction	21.8	23.4 *	-.11		26.7 ***	-.30	
	Effective Teaching Practices	38.8	42.8 ***	-.30		44.7 ***	-.43	
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions	43.2	44.4 *	-.10		46.3 ***	-.25	
	Supportive Environment	38.8	39.6	-.06	✓	41.4 ***	-.20	

Seniors		WMU Mean	Your seniors compared with					
Theme	Engagement Indicator		NSSE 2013 Top 50%			NSSE 2013 Top 10%		
			Mean	Effect size	✓	Mean	Effect size	✓
Academic Challenge	Higher-Order Learning	39.8	43.5 ***	-.27		45.3 ***	-.40	
	Reflective and Integrative Learning	38.2	41.1 ***	-.23		43.1 ***	-.39	
	Learning Strategies	39.2	43.2 ***	-.28		45.4 ***	-.44	
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.1	31.1 ***	-.12		32.5 ***	-.20	
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning	33.3	35.0 ***	-.12		37.5 ***	-.31	
	Discussions with Diverse Others	41.8	44.1 ***	-.14		45.8 ***	-.26	
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction	23.1	29.7 ***	-.41		34.6 ***	-.72	
	Effective Teaching Practices	39.4	43.3 ***	-.28		45.3 ***	-.44	
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions	42.3	45.8 ***	-.31		47.6 ***	-.47	
	Supportive Environment	31.8	36.2 ***	-.32		39.1 ***	-.56	

Notes: Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); *p<.05, **p<.01, ***p<.001 (2-tailed); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Detailed Statistics: First-year students

	Mean statistics			Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
WMU (N = 540)	37.6	13.9	.60	15	25	40	50	60				
Great Lakes Public	38.0	13.6	.13	15	30	40	45	60	11,884	-.4	.508	-.029
Peer Institutions	38.4	13.8	.21	15	30	40	50	60	4,903	-.8	.224	-.055
NSSE 2013	39.1	13.8	.05	20	30	40	50	60	91,370	-1.5	.012	-.108
Top 50%	40.9	13.6	.07	20	30	40	50	60	41,820	-3.2	.000	-.235
Top 10%	42.7	13.7	.14	20	35	40	55	60	10,068	-5.1	.000	-.372
Reflective and Integrative Learning												
WMU (N = 571)	36.5	12.4	.52	17	27	37	46	60				
Great Lakes Public	34.7	12.4	.11	14	26	34	43	57	12,358	1.8	.001	.146
Peer Institutions	34.8	12.5	.18	17	26	34	43	57	5,130	1.6	.003	.131
NSSE 2013	35.7	12.6	.04	17	26	34	43	60	95,141	.8	.135	.063
Top 50%	37.6	12.5	.06	17	29	37	46	60	40,898	-1.1	.029	-.092
Top 10%	39.4	12.5	.12	20	31	40	49	60	10,736	-3.0	.000	-.236
Learning Strategies												
WMU (N = 495)	39.1	14.1	.63	13	27	40	53	60				
Great Lakes Public	39.0	14.2	.14	20	27	40	53	60	11,081	.1	.905	.005
Peer Institutions	39.4	14.2	.22	20	27	40	53	60	4,517	-.3	.637	-.022
NSSE 2013	39.8	14.2	.05	20	27	40	53	60	85,080	-.7	.297	-.047
Top 50%	41.8	14.1	.07	20	33	40	53	60	36,706	-2.7	.000	-.194
Top 10%	44.3	14.2	.16	20	33	47	60	60	8,623	-5.2	.000	-.367
Quantitative Reasoning												
WMU (N = 550)	26.9	17.2	.73	0	13	27	40	60				
Great Lakes Public	27.4	16.0	.15	0	20	27	40	60	595	-.5	.508	-.031
Peer Institutions	27.2	16.2	.24	0	20	27	40	60	4,978	-.2	.744	-.015
NSSE 2013	27.3	16.4	.05	0	20	27	40	60	92,873	-.3	.626	-.021
Top 50%	28.8	16.3	.07	0	20	27	40	60	52,790	-1.9	.007	-.116
Top 10%	30.5	16.2	.15	0	20	27	40	60	11,657	-3.6	.000	-.219
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
WMU (N = 586)	32.1	13.7	.57	10	20	30	40	60				
Great Lakes Public	31.5	13.7	.12	10	20	30	40	60	12,696	.7	.260	.048
Peer Institutions	30.8	13.8	.20	10	20	30	40	60	5,274	1.3	.032	.094
NSSE 2013	31.4	14.2	.05	10	20	30	40	60	97,349	.7	.234	.049
Top 50%	34.5	13.7	.07	15	25	35	45	60	42,982	-2.3	.000	-.171
Top 10%	37.1	13.6	.15	15	25	35	45	60	9,274	-4.9	.000	-.363
Discussions with Diverse Others												
WMU (N = 503)	42.5	15.0	.67	20	30	40	60	60				
Great Lakes Public	39.8	15.9	.15	15	30	40	55	60	11,250	2.7	.000	.170
Peer Institutions	40.3	16.2	.25	15	30	40	55	60	4,563	2.2	.005	.134
NSSE 2013	40.7	16.0	.05	15	30	40	55	60	86,085	1.8	.014	.110
Top 50%	43.2	15.4	.08	20	35	45	60	60	41,998	-.7	.297	-.047
Top 10%	45.7	15.0	.16	20	40	50	60	60	9,034	-3.2	.000	-.213

Detailed Statistics: First-year students

	Mean statistics			Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
WMU (N = 556)	21.8	15.2	.64	0	10	20	30	55				
Great Lakes Public	20.0	14.4	.13	0	10	20	30	50	604	1.8	.005	.128
Peer Institutions	19.7	14.4	.22	0	10	15	25	50	687	2.1	.002	.148
NSSE 2013	20.0	14.5	.05	0	10	20	30	50	561	1.8	.005	.124
Top 50%	23.4	15.0	.09	0	10	20	35	55	29,451	-1.6	.012	-.108
Top 10%	26.7	16.4	.24	0	15	25	40	60	725	-4.8	.000	-.297
Effective Teaching Practices												
WMU (N = 555)	38.8	13.0	.55	16	28	40	48	60				
Great Lakes Public	39.5	13.1	.12	20	32	40	48	60	12,192	-.7	.233	-.052
Peer Institutions	40.1	13.1	.20	20	32	40	52	60	5,043	-1.3	.031	-.097
NSSE 2013	40.4	13.3	.04	20	32	40	52	60	93,840	-1.6	.004	-.122
Top 50%	42.8	13.3	.07	20	35	44	56	60	33,547	-4.0	.000	-.300
Top 10%	44.7	13.8	.15	20	36	48	60	60	638	-5.9	.000	-.425
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
WMU (N = 479)	43.2	11.0	.50	22	38	44	52	60				
Great Lakes Public	40.9	12.2	.12	18	34	42	50	60	534	2.4	.000	.196
Peer Institutions	41.5	12.2	.20	18	34	42	50	60	633	1.8	.001	.147
NSSE 2013	41.7	12.5	.04	18	34	44	50	60	485	1.5	.003	.123
Top 50%	44.4	11.6	.07	22	38	46	53	60	28,134	-1.1	.036	-.097
Top 10%	46.3	12.0	.14	23	40	48	56	60	551	-3.0	.000	-.254
Supportive Environment												
WMU (N = 461)	38.8	14.3	.67	15	30	40	50	60				
Great Lakes Public	36.6	13.7	.14	13	28	38	46	60	10,290	2.2	.001	.162
Peer Institutions	37.7	13.7	.22	15	28	38	48	60	4,145	1.1	.091	.084
NSSE 2013	37.2	13.9	.05	14	28	38	48	60	79,366	1.6	.012	.118
Top 50%	39.6	13.2	.07	18	30	40	50	60	470	-.7	.266	-.057
Top 10%	41.4	12.9	.15	20	33	43	53	60	508	-2.6	.000	-.201

a. Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 * SEM.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics			Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
WMU (N = 816)	39.8	14.5	.51	15	30	40	50	60				
Great Lakes Public	40.1	14.1	.11	15	30	40	50	60	16,805	-.3	.553	-.021
Peer Institutions	40.5	14.0	.16	20	30	40	50	60	8,875	-.7	.162	-.051
NSSE 2013	41.3	14.0	.03	20	30	40	55	60	163,614	-1.6	.002	-.110
Top 50%	43.5	13.7	.05	20	35	40	55	60	63,763	-3.7	.000	-.272
Top 10%	45.3	13.6	.10	20	40	45	60	60	19,215	-5.5	.000	-.403
Reflective and Integrative Learning												
WMU (N = 860)	38.2	12.8	.44	17	29	37	49	60				
Great Lakes Public	38.0	13.0	.10	17	29	37	49	60	17,444	.2	.693	.014
Peer Institutions	37.5	13.0	.14	17	29	37	46	60	9,275	.7	.148	.052
NSSE 2013	38.9	13.0	.03	17	29	40	49	60	169,893	-.7	.107	-.055
Top 50%	41.1	12.6	.05	20	31	40	51	60	63,157	-2.9	.000	-.230
Top 10%	43.1	12.6	.10	20	34	43	54	60	17,621	-4.9	.000	-.387
Learning Strategies												
WMU (N = 778)	39.2	14.5	.52	13	27	40	53	60				
Great Lakes Public	39.2	14.9	.12	13	27	40	53	60	16,029	-.1	.926	-.003
Peer Institutions	38.9	14.9	.17	13	27	40	53	60	8,273	.3	.631	.018
NSSE 2013	40.7	14.7	.04	13	33	40	53	60	155,573	-1.6	.003	-.106
Top 50%	43.2	14.4	.05	20	33	40	60	60	74,406	-4.0	.000	-.278
Top 10%	45.4	14.0	.10	20	40	47	60	60	22,535	-6.2	.000	-.444
Quantitative Reasoning												
WMU (N = 838)	29.1	17.6	.61	0	20	27	40	60				
Great Lakes Public	29.4	17.2	.13	0	20	27	40	60	17,148	-.2	.696	-.014
Peer Institutions	30.2	17.2	.19	0	20	27	40	60	9,050	-1.1	.071	-.065
NSSE 2013	29.7	17.3	.04	0	20	27	40	60	166,574	-.6	.332	-.034
Top 50%	31.1	17.2	.06	0	20	33	40	60	93,442	-2.0	.001	-.118
Top 10%	32.5	17.0	.11	0	20	33	40	60	889	-3.4	.000	-.200
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
WMU (N = 867)	33.3	13.6	.46	15	25	30	40	60				
Great Lakes Public	32.5	14.2	.11	10	20	30	40	60	966	.9	.060	.063
Peer Institutions	32.8	14.2	.15	10	20	30	40	60	1,065	.5	.279	.037
NSSE 2013	31.7	14.6	.04	10	20	30	40	60	876	1.6	.000	.112
Top 50%	35.0	13.8	.05	15	25	35	45	60	70,302	-1.7	.000	-.121
Top 10%	37.5	13.5	.13	15	25	40	50	60	11,361	-4.2	.000	-.308
Discussions with Diverse Others												
WMU (N = 787)	41.8	15.3	.54	20	30	40	60	60				
Great Lakes Public	40.6	16.1	.13	15	30	40	60	60	16,144	1.2	.039	.075
Peer Institutions	41.8	16.1	.18	15	30	40	60	60	8,372	.0	.993	.000
NSSE 2013	41.8	16.1	.04	15	30	40	60	60	156,864	.0	.936	.003
Top 50%	44.1	15.9	.05	20	35	45	60	60	85,305	-2.3	.000	-.143
Top 10%	45.8	15.6	.10	20	40	50	60	60	26,540	-4.0	.000	-.256

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics			Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
WMU (N = 838)	23.1	15.5	.54	0	10	20	35	55				
Great Lakes Public	23.6	16.1	.13	0	10	20	35	55	17,148	-.5	.409	-.029
Peer Institutions	23.8	16.0	.18	0	10	20	35	55	9,053	-.6	.271	-.040
NSSE 2013	23.2	16.3	.04	0	10	20	35	55	847	-.1	.897	-.004
Top 50%	29.7	16.1	.09	5	20	30	40	60	881	-6.5	.000	-.408
Top 10%	34.6	16.0	.25	10	20	35	45	60	1,216	-11.4	.000	-.719
Effective Teaching Practices												
WMU (N = 844)	39.4	13.8	.48	16	28	40	52	60				
Great Lakes Public	40.0	13.6	.11	16	32	40	52	60	17,291	-.6	.184	-.047
Peer Institutions	39.8	13.6	.15	16	32	40	52	60	9,122	-.4	.426	-.029
NSSE 2013	41.1	13.8	.03	16	32	40	52	60	168,169	-1.7	.000	-.124
Top 50%	43.3	13.7	.06	20	36	44	56	60	61,216	-3.9	.000	-.282
Top 10%	45.3	13.5	.13	20	36	48	60	60	11,486	-5.9	.000	-.437
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
WMU (N = 747)	42.3	11.5	.42	20	36	44	50	60				
Great Lakes Public	41.3	11.5	.10	20	34	42	50	60	15,312	.9	.035	.079
Peer Institutions	40.7	11.9	.14	18	34	42	50	60	7,977	1.5	.001	.131
NSSE 2013	42.8	11.9	.03	20	36	44	52	60	150,010	-.5	.212	-.046
Top 50%	45.8	11.5	.05	24	40	48	55	60	50,397	-3.5	.000	-.306
Top 10%	47.6	11.6	.10	24	42	50	58	60	15,077	-5.4	.000	-.466
Supportive Environment												
WMU (N = 736)	31.8	14.0	.52	10	23	33	40	58				
Great Lakes Public	32.3	14.2	.12	10	23	33	40	58	15,282	-.5	.389	-.033
Peer Institutions	33.6	14.0	.17	10	23	33	43	60	7,718	-1.8	.001	-.130
NSSE 2013	33.1	14.4	.04	10	23	33	43	60	148,586	-1.3	.018	-.087
Top 50%	36.2	13.7	.06	13	28	38	45	60	56,058	-4.4	.000	-.318
Top 10%	39.1	13.1	.14	18	30	40	50	60	848	-7.3	.000	-.556

a. Results weighted by gender and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 * SEM.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.