Tools and Tips for Statistical Research

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- How do we start? (Where do we get the ideas?)
- How do I find what has already been done?
- How do I show that my new method works or that it is better than existing methods?
- What are the available tools?



• OECD (2015)

Research comprises "creative and systematic work undertaken to increase the stock of knowledge, including knowledge of humans, culture and society, and the use of this stock of knowledge to devise new applications."

• Merriam-Webster

Research is "investigation or experimentation aimed at

- the discovery and interpretation of facts,
- I revision of accepted theories or laws in the light of new facts, or
- I practical application of such new or revised theories or laws."

Topics in Statistical Research





- Estimation
- Inference
- Sampling

- Computation
 - Visualization
 - Optimization
- Application (New Discovery)

ASA Sections and Interest Groups:

https://www.amstat.org/asa/membership/Sections-and-Interest-Groups.aspx

JSM 2018 Program Booklet:

http://ww2.amstat.org/meetings/jsm/2018/pdfs/JSM2018-SessionBooklet.pdf

Abstract

- Introduction
 - Motivation/Contribution: Where do we get an idea?
 - Literature Review: How do I find what has already been done?
- Methodology
- Simulation: How does a method perform?
- 8 Real data analysis
- Results/Conclusion/Discussion

Where do we get an idea?

Anywhere!

• Dropping off kids at childcare center



Emmanuel Cand'es Stanford University



Terrance Tao UCLA

• Talking to strangers at a bar



Amy Willis University of Washington

Hyun Bin Kang (WMU)

Tools and Tips for Statistical Research

- From a professor
- From a class
- Reading paper
- Colloquium/Conference talks
- Networking events in conferences
- Subscribe to the E-Mail Alerting Service of **Arxiv**: https://arxiv.org/help/subscribe



Literature Review

- Build background knowledge
- Understand what's been done and what hasn't been done
- Obtain motivation/contribution of the method we propose
- Can develop/improve method from literature

How do I find what has already been done?

When we are new to a field:

- Find a textbook
- Find a review paper
- Follow the citations

Resources:

- Google Scholar: https://scholar.google.com/
- WMU library: https://wmich.edu/library

Reference management tools:

- Zotero: https://www.zotero.org/
- Mendeley: https://www.mendeley.com

	Zotero	Mendeley
OS compatibility	Windows/Mac/Linux	Windows/Mac/Linux
Web plug-in	Chrome, Firefox, Safari	Chrome, Firefox, Safari, Internet Explorer
Cloud Sync	Yes	Yes
Storage	 Free for 300MB \$20/year for 2GB \$60/year for 6GB \$120/year for Unlimited 	 2GB Free \$55/year for 5 GB \$110/year for 10 GB \$165/year for Unlimited

After literature review, now what?

- Develop the methodology. (Model, Theorems, Computation, ... etc.)
- Check if the method works as expected.
- Compare with other methods from the literature review.
 ⇒ Simulation
- Apply the method to real data.
- Summarize results.
- Re-emphasize the contribution and state the limitation of the method.
- Provide possible future research topics.

- Simulation is often used to assess the performance of a proposed model.
- We generate data under controlled settings (under known truth) and see how the model performs under such settings.
- We can check whether the model performs as expected.
- Simulation will also give us some insights to how the model will perform for real data.
- We can compare different models using simulation, and show the proposed method is better performing than the methods from literature.

• Showing convergence of an estimator:

For simple linear regression $y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \epsilon$,

$$\|\hat{\beta}_1 - \beta_1\|^2 = O_p(n^{-1}).$$

• Comparing two tests (Check type I error and power): t test vs. Wilcoxon signed-rank test

A few more resources

- Overleaf (Online LaTeX Editor): https://www.overleaf.com/
- Evernote (Note taking app): https://evernote.com/



drawn by Frits Ahlefeldt

